

# Viper

## A **V**erification **I**nfrastructure for **P**ermission-Based **R**easoning



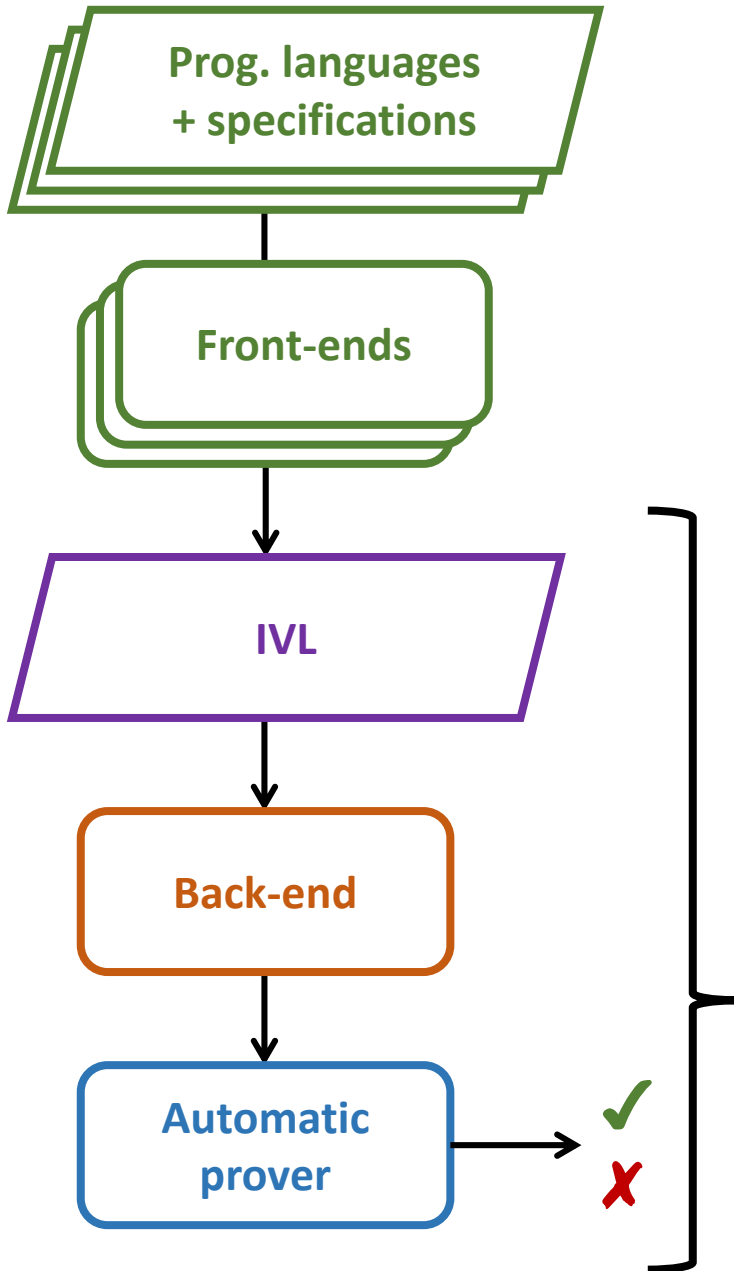
Uri Juhasz, Ioannis Kassios, Peter Müller, Milos Novacek,  
Malte Schwerhoff, Alex Summers (and several students)

24<sup>th</sup> March 2015, JML Workshop, Leiden

# Automatic Program Verification

- Safety (memory accesses, non-null, ...)
- Correctness (functional specs)
- Termination, message replies, ...

# Verification using Automatic Provers



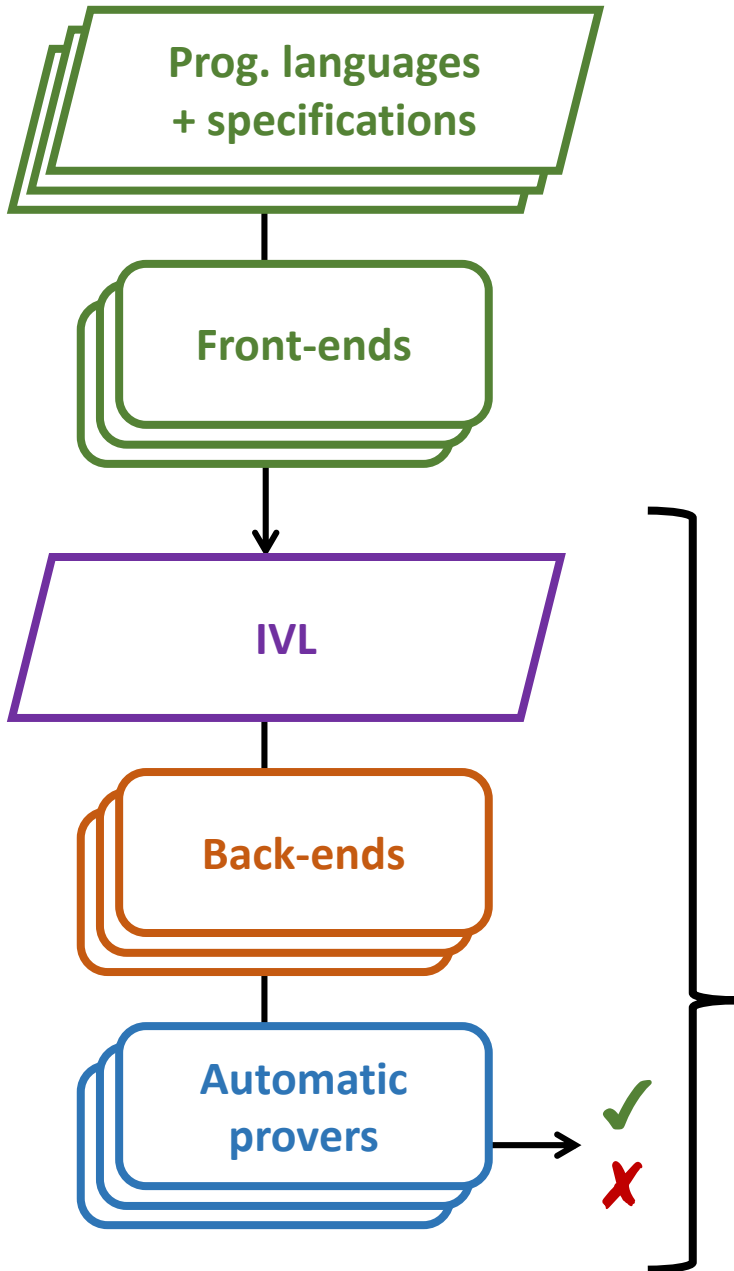
+ Automatic first-order logic tools – major progress in the last decade (SAT, SMT)

+ Intermediate verification languages - Boogie, Why, ...

+ Back-end: verifier (verification condition generator)

= Common infrastructure for building front-end verifiers

# Verification using Automatic Provers



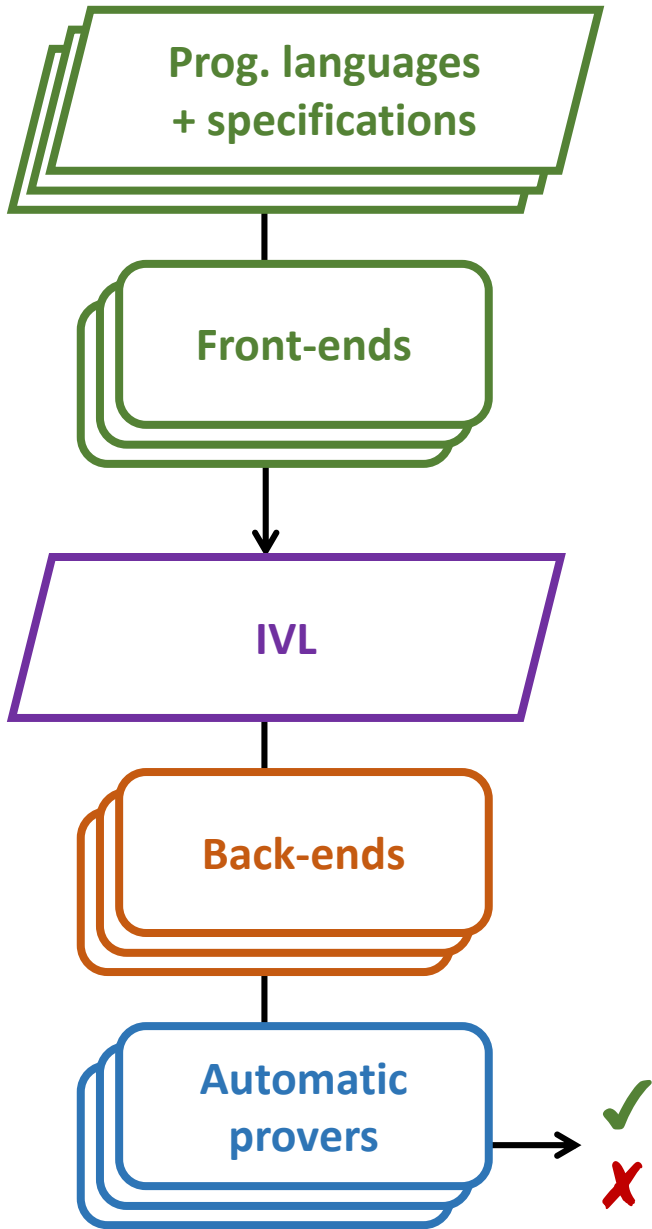
+ Automatic first-order logic tools – major progress in the last decade (SAT, SMT)

+ Intermediate verification languages - Boogie, Why, ...

+ Back-ends: verifiers - but also inference engines, slicers, static analysers, ...

= Common infrastructure for building front-end verifiers

# Verification using Automatic Provers



Common infrastructure enabled many *success stories* and *tools*

- Microsoft Hypervisor (VCC)
- Device drivers (Corral)
- Spec#, Dafny
- Krakatoa, Jessie
- Frama-C, Why3
- ...

# Permission-Based Reasoning

Separation logic and others *permission logics*:

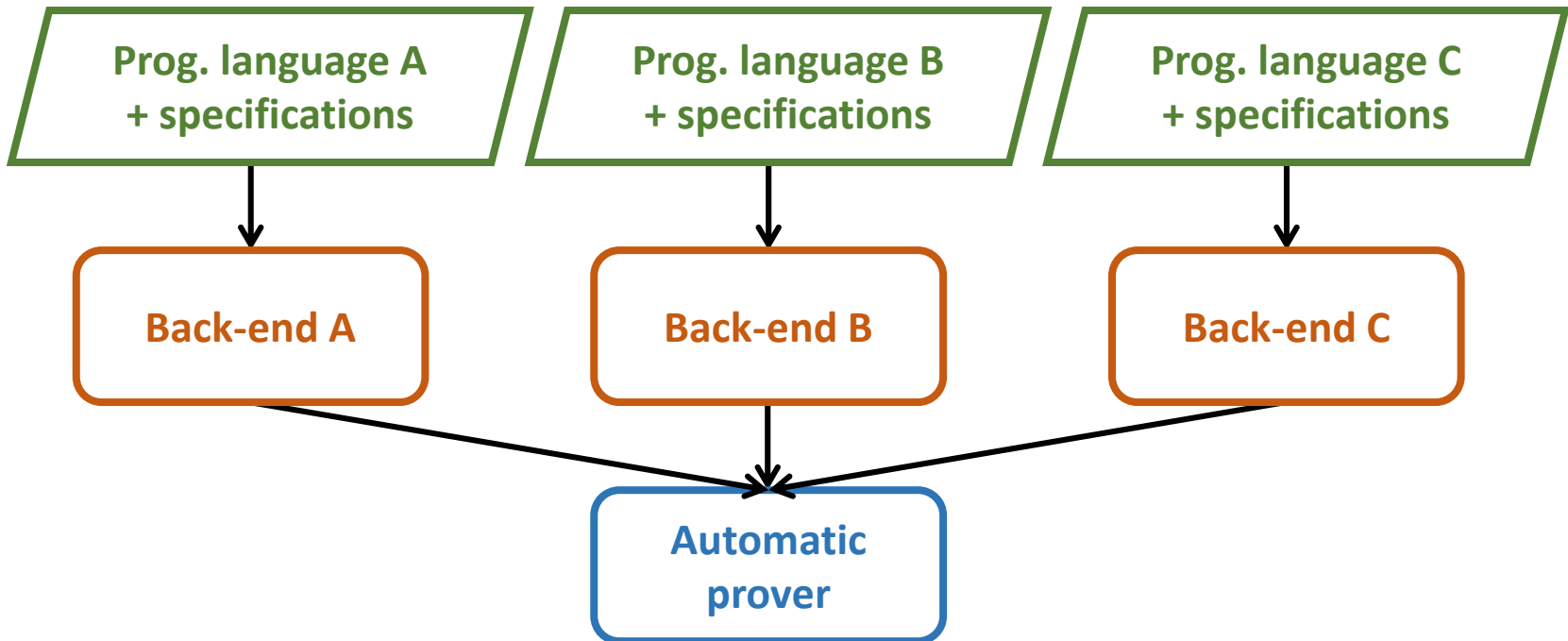
- *Locally* reason about *shared mutable state*
- Many *successful applications*, including
  - Device driver safety (Microsoft)
  - Belgian Electronic Identity Card
- Many *ongoing developments*  
(esp. fine-grained concurrency)

Not a first-order logic

→ Significantly complicates using existing provers

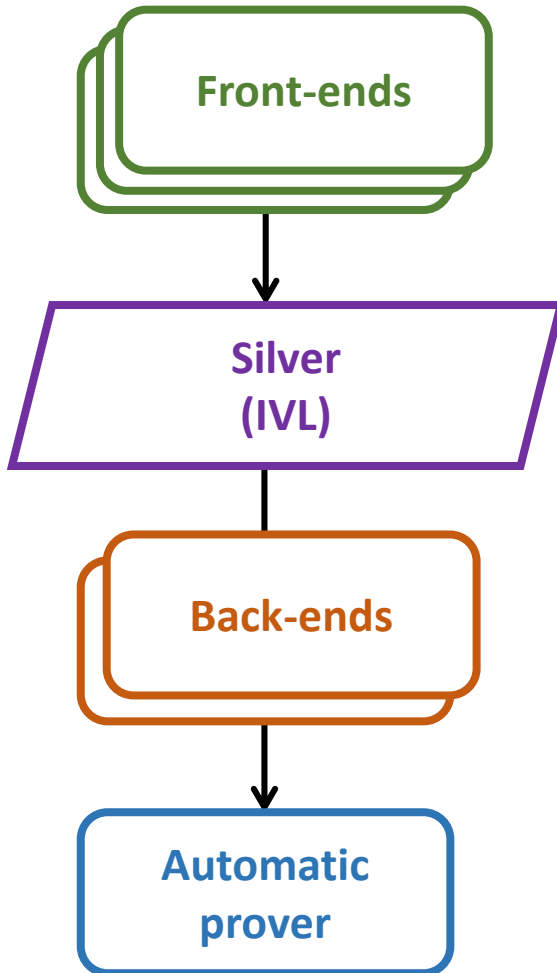
# Permission-Based Reasoning

Consequence: many *custom verification engines* (usually based on symbolic execution): Smallfoot, VeriFast, jStar, ...



Alternative: Encoding SL into FOL (e.g. Chalice)

# Viper: Our Verification Infrastructure



## Silver:

- *Native* support for permissions
- Few (but expressive) constructs
- Designed with verification and inference in mind

**Back-ends:** Two verifiers; plans to develop inference, slicer

## Front-ends (proof of concept):

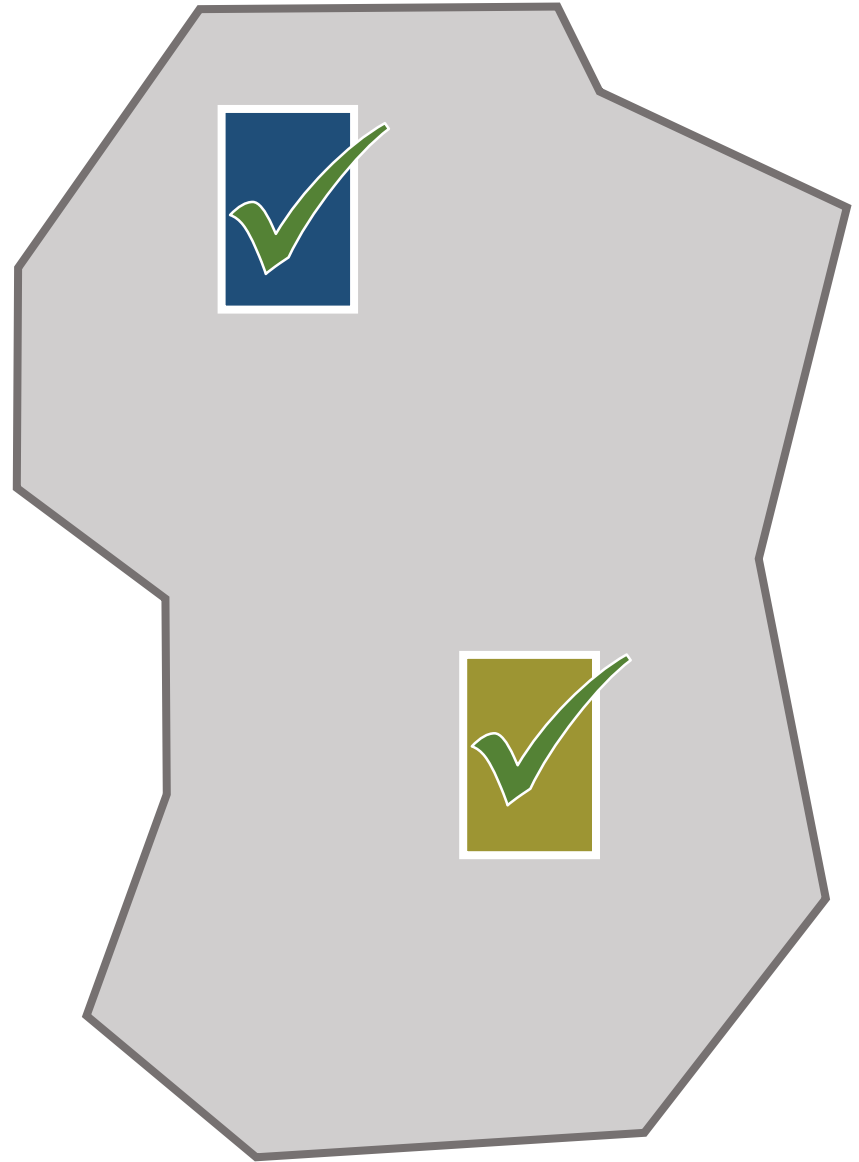
- *Chalice* (concurrency research)
- *Scala* (very small subset)
- *Java* (VerCors, U Twente)
- *OpenCL* (VerCors, U Twente)



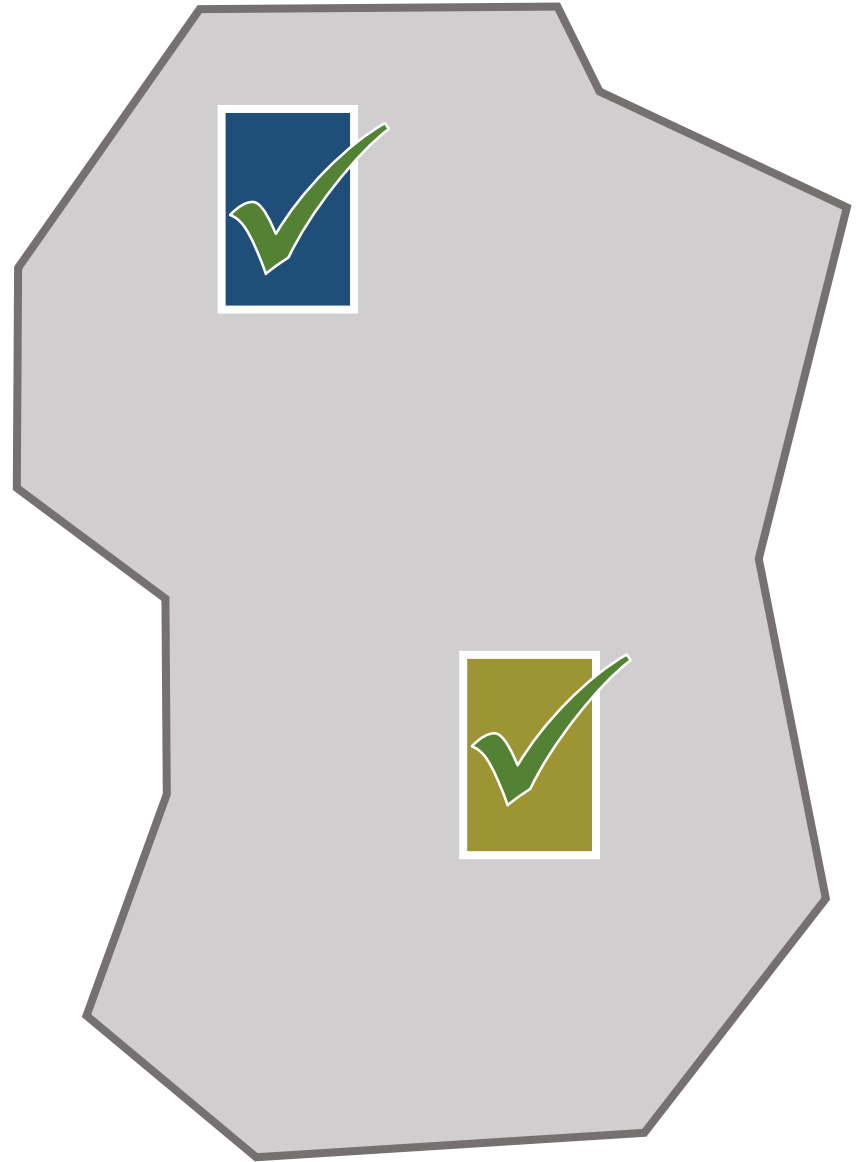
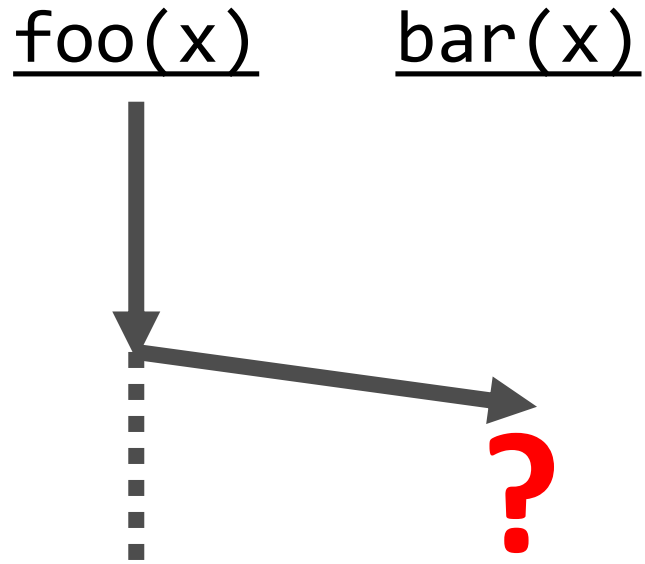
# Modular Static Verification + Shared State

foo(x)

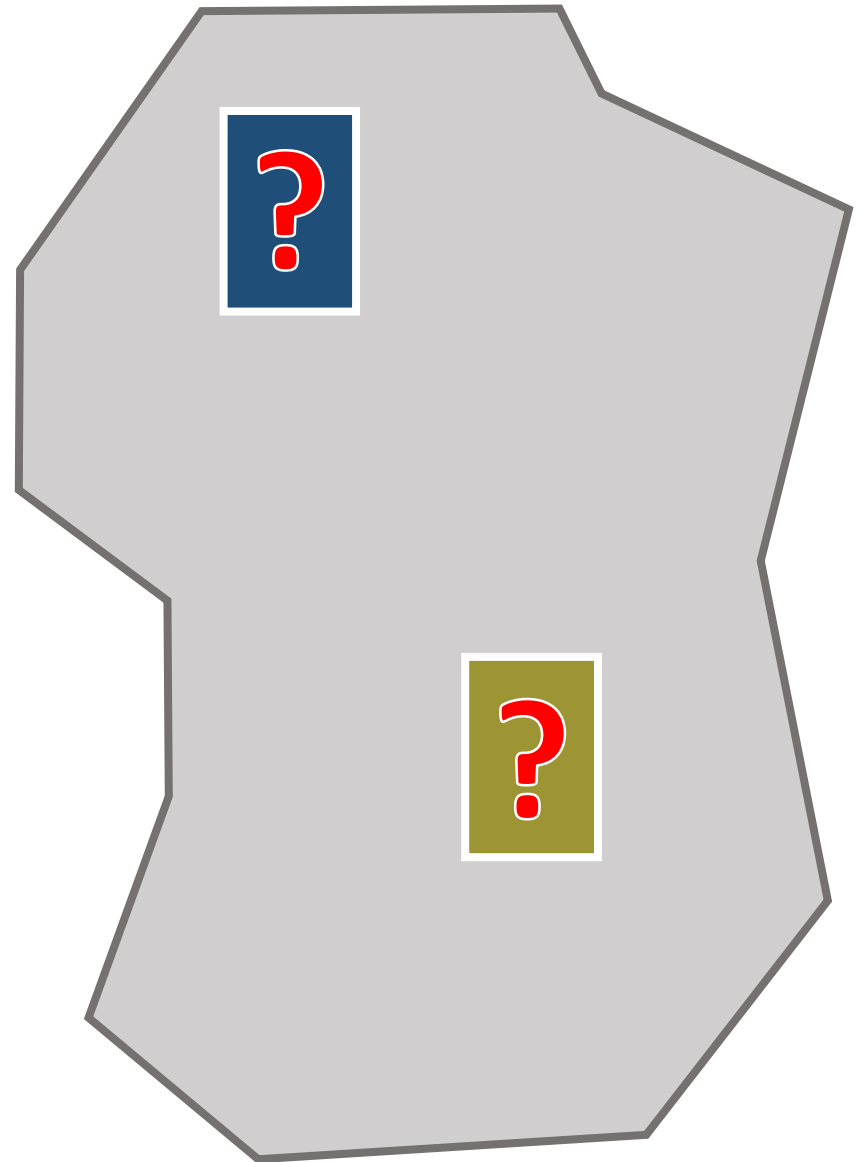
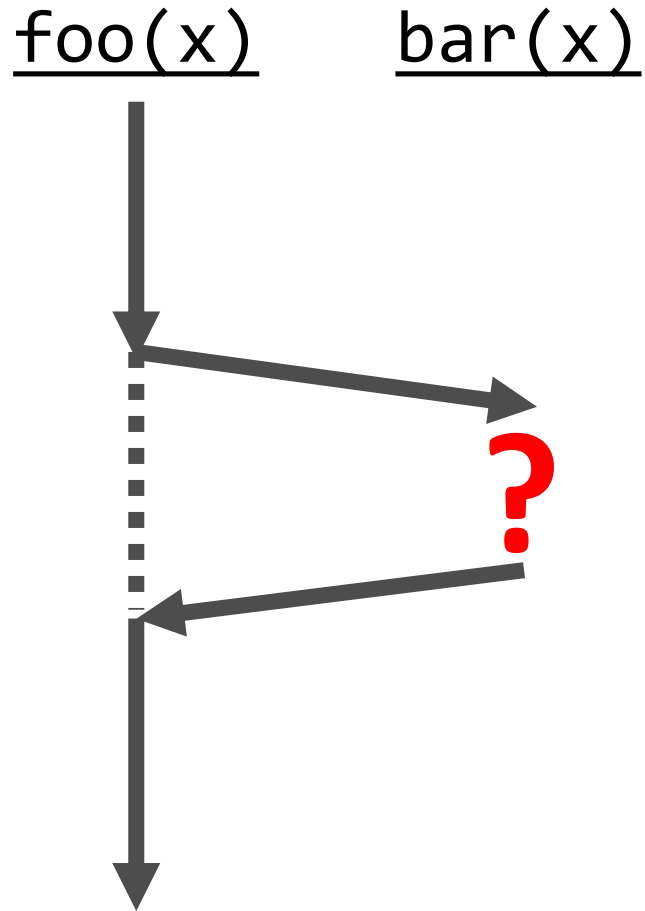
bar(x)



# Modular Static Verification + Shared State



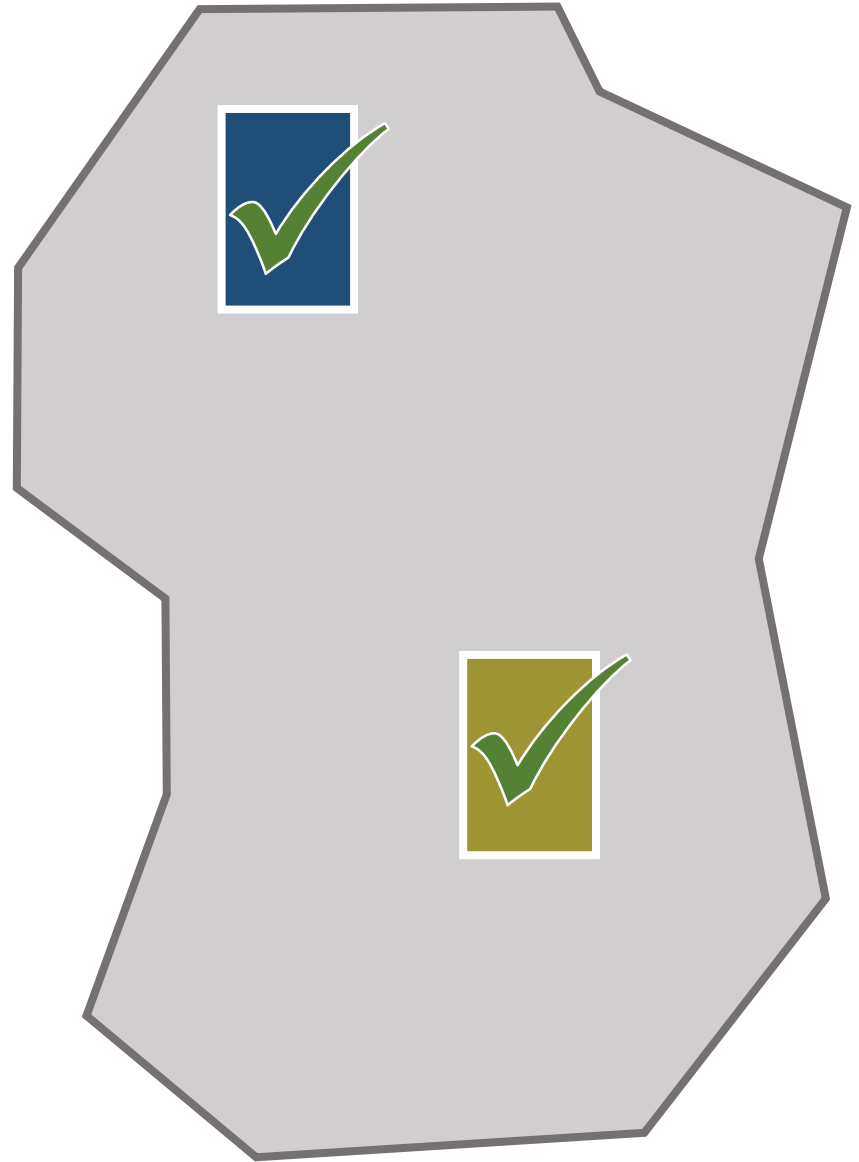
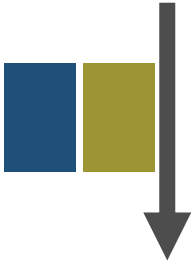
# Modular Static Verification + Shared State



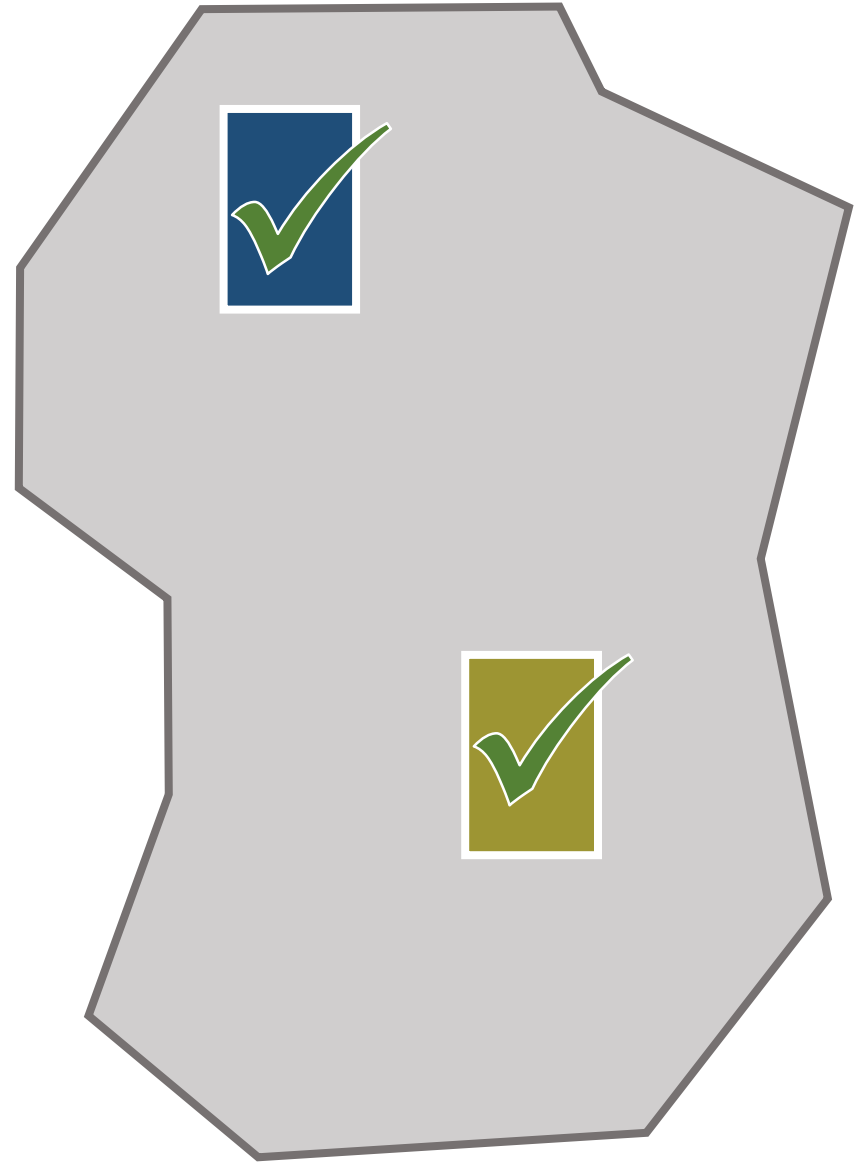
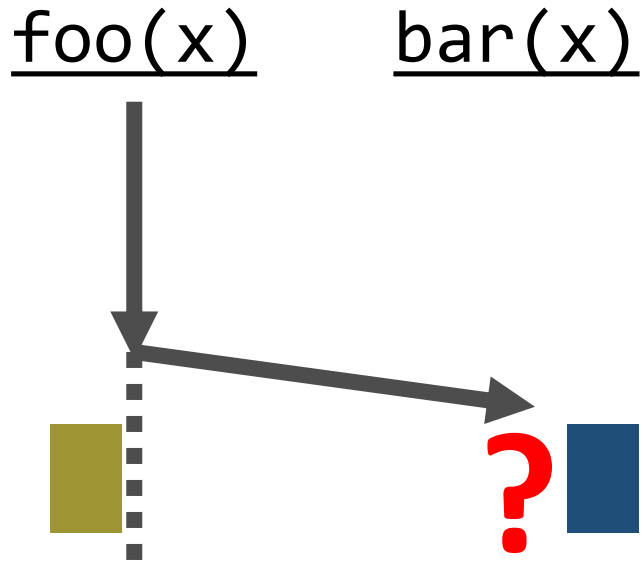
# Permissions

foo(x)

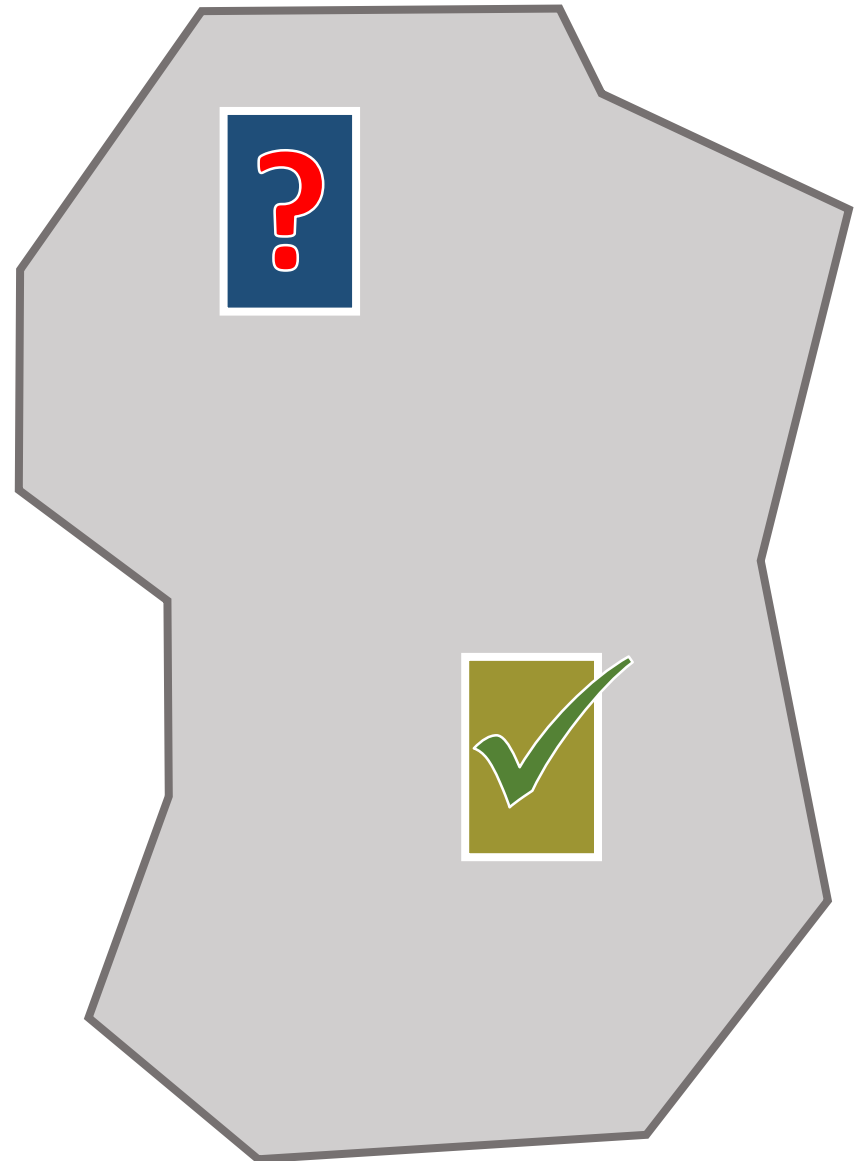
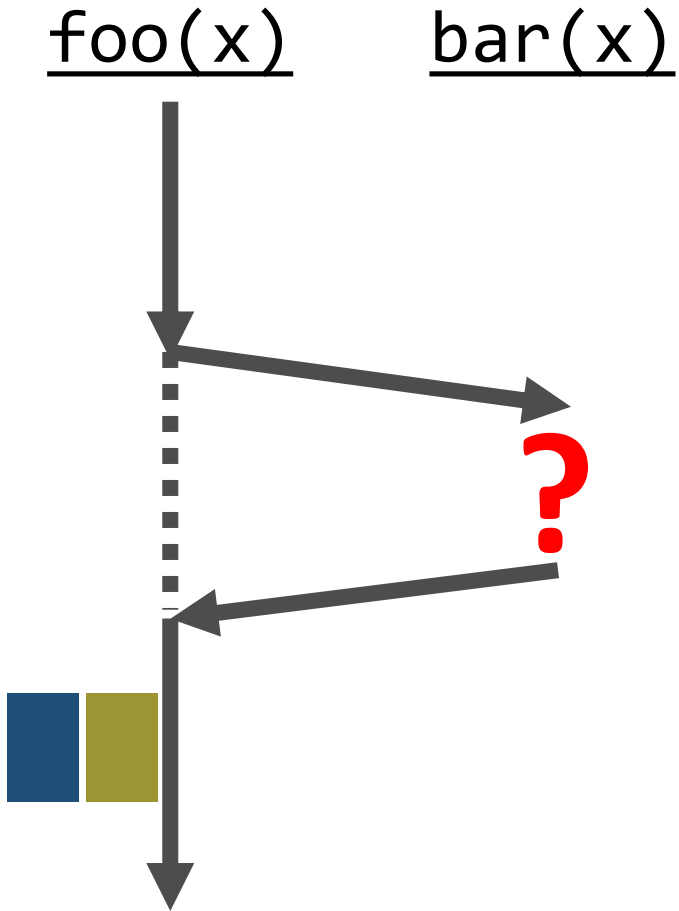
bar(x)



# Permission Transfer



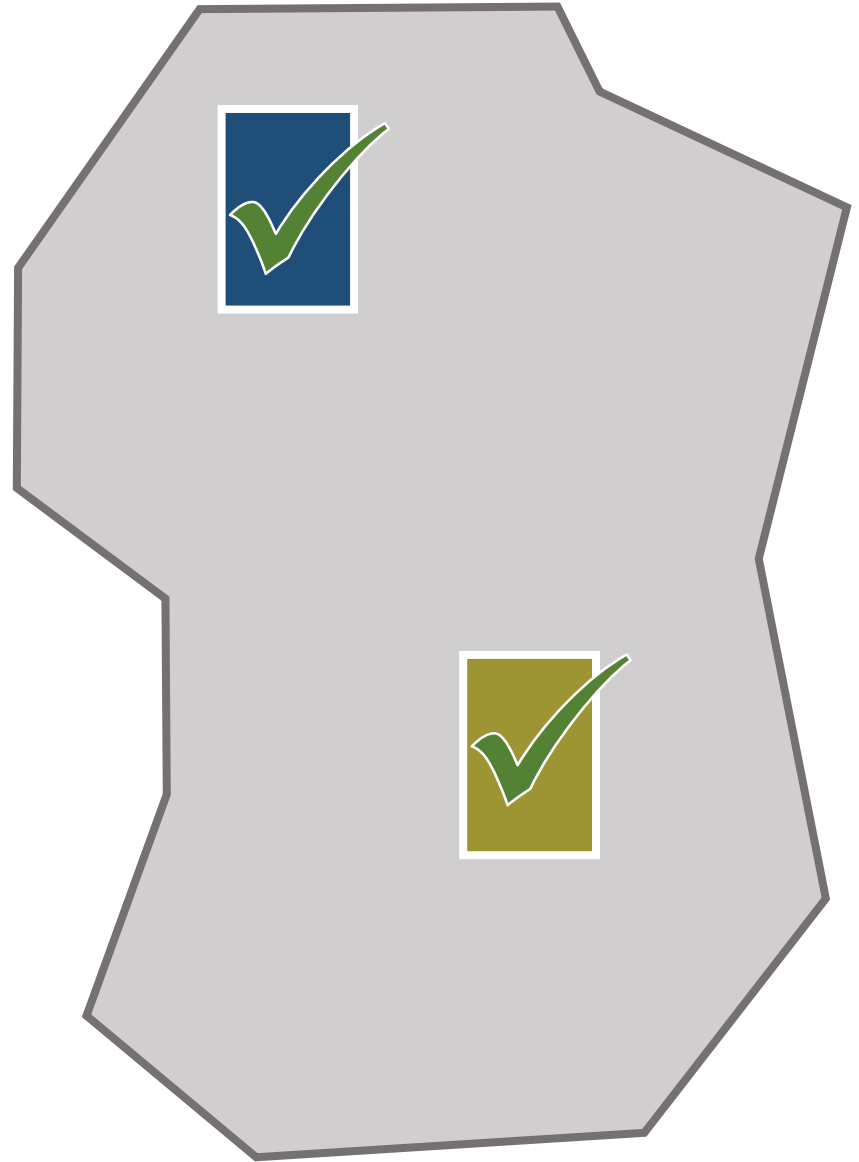
# Permission Transfer



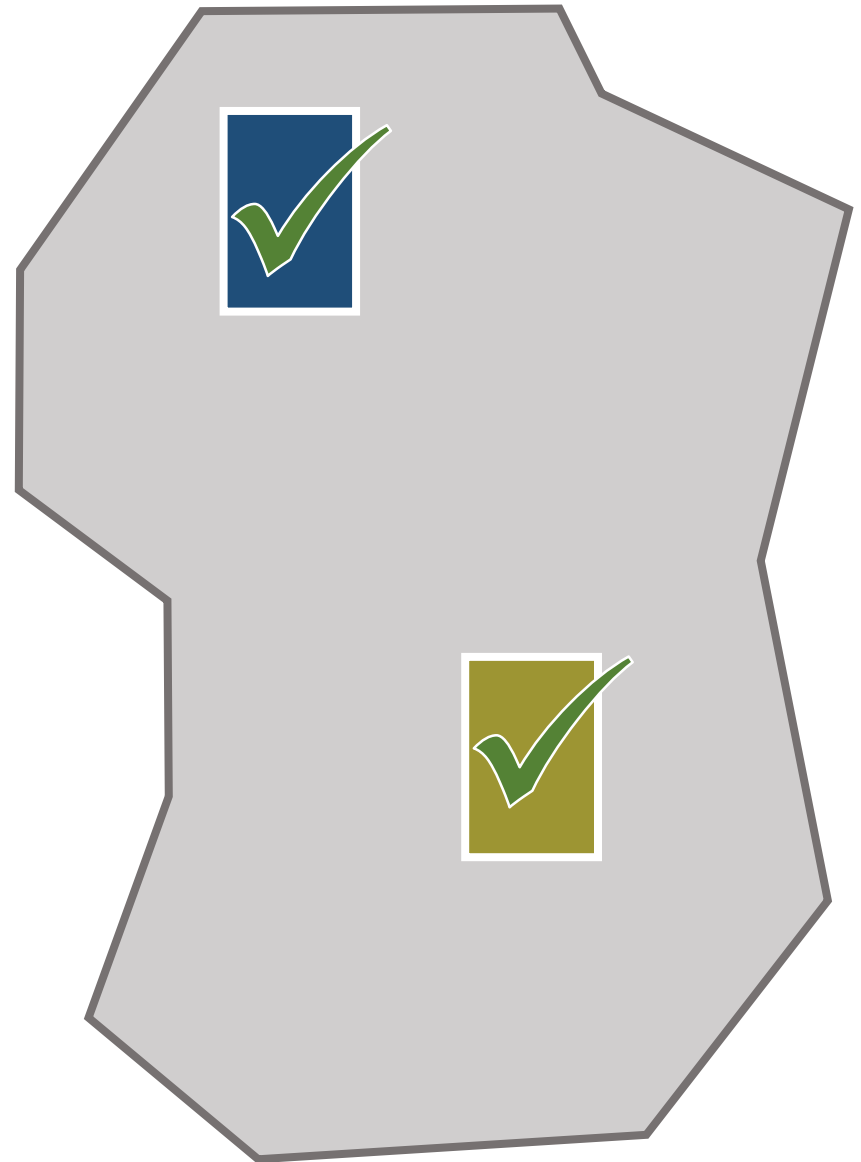
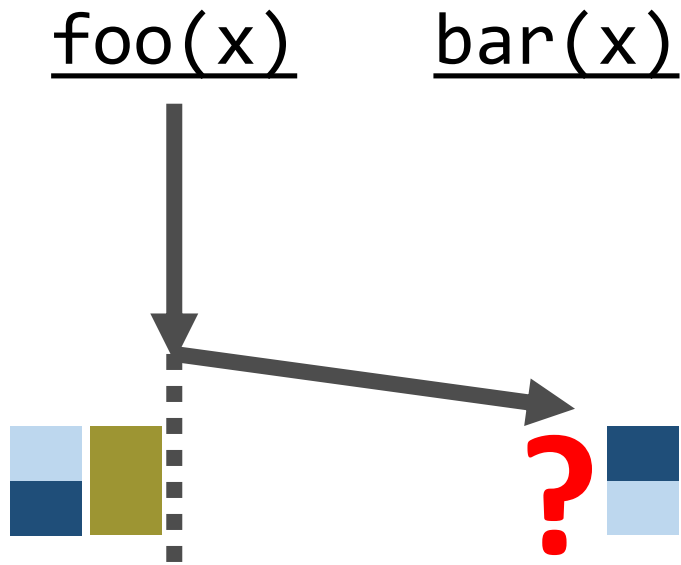
# Fractional Permissions

foo(x)

bar(x)

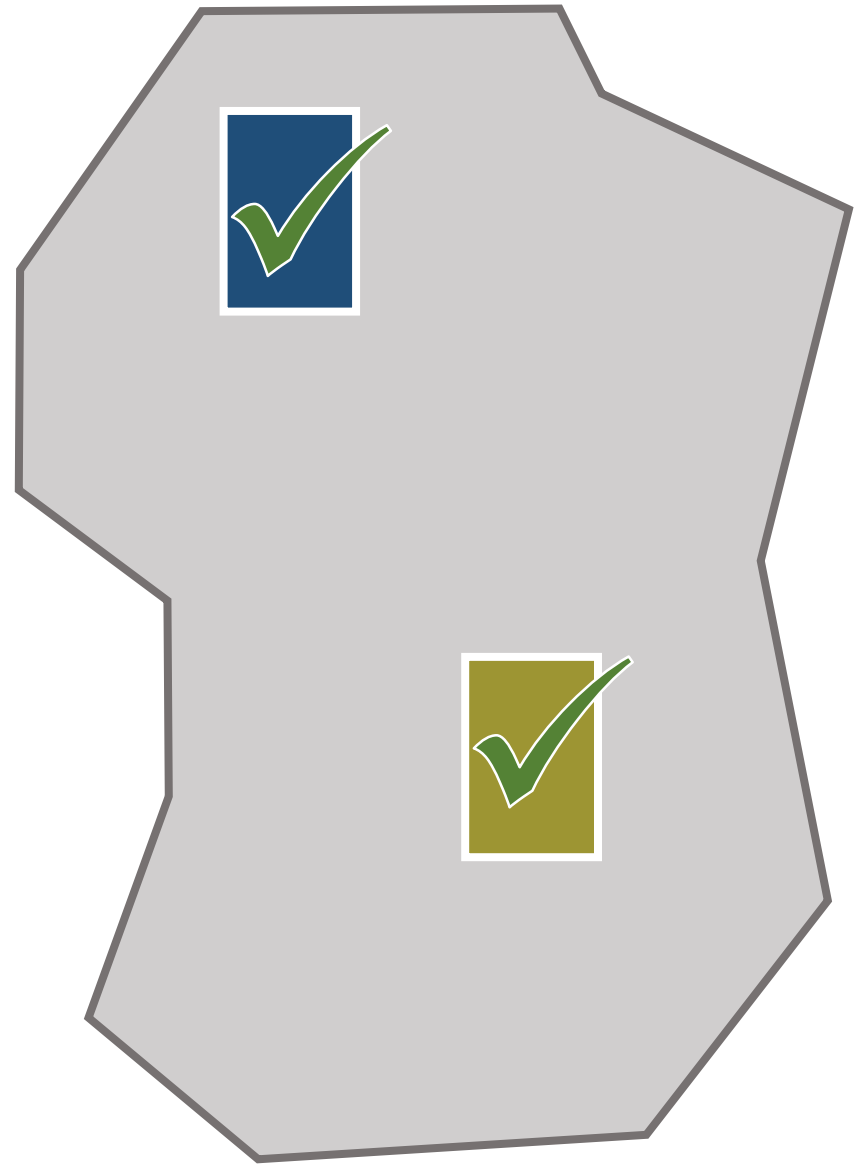
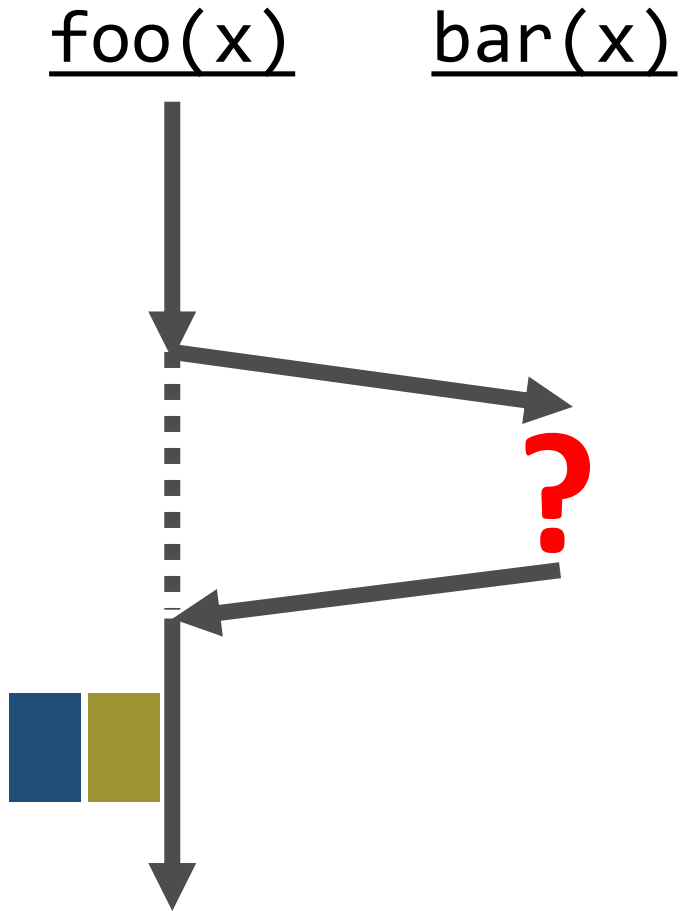


# Splitting Fractional Permissions





# Merging Fractional Permissions



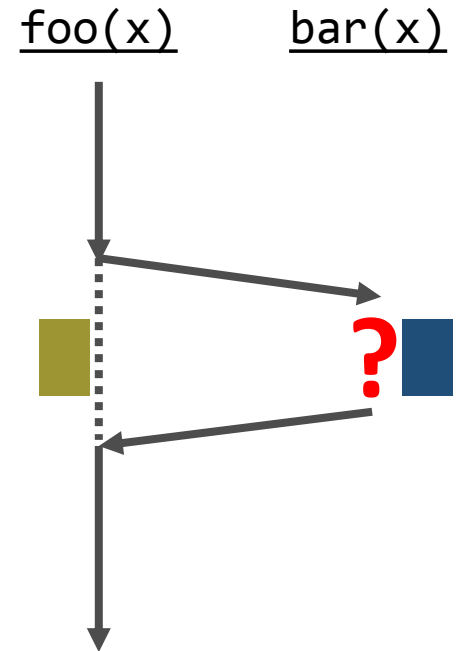
# Permission Transfer

Idea of *permission transfer* generalises

- Fork-join (transfer between threads)
- Locks (transfer to/from lock invariant)
- Message passing (pass permissions)

Common operations

- **Gain** permissions
- **Lose** permissions



# Silver: Inhale and Exhale Statements

Statement **exhale**  $A$  means

- Assert and remove permissions required by  $A$
- Assert logical constraints in  $A$  (e.g.  $c.f == \emptyset$ )
- Havoc locations to which all permissions is lost (i.e. forget their values)

Statement **inhale**  $A$  means

- Gain permissions required by  $A$
- Assume logical constraints in  $A$

# Silver: Assertion Language Basics

Based on *implicit dynamic frames*

*Accessibility predicates* denote permissions

```
acc(c.f)
```

Assertions may be *heap-dependent*

```
acc(c.f) && c.f == 0
```

*Fractional permissions*

```
acc(c.f, 1/2)
```

Conjunction *sums up* permissions (similar to  $*$  in separation logic)

```
acc(c.f, 1/2) && acc(c.f, 1/2)
```

# Demo

## Silver: Language Features

Objects and fields, if-then-else, methods (with pre/post specs), loops (with invariants)

No notion of concurrency (encode via **inhale/exhale**)

Simple type system

- **Int**, **Bool**, **Ref**, **Perm**
- Mathematical sets **Set[T]** and sequences **Seq[T]**

# Silver: Unbounded Data Structures

Unbounded data structures via *recursive predicates*

---

```
predicate list(x: Ref) {  
    acc(x.val) && acc(x.next)  
    && (x.next != null ==> list(x.next))  
}
```

---

**fold/unfold** statements exchange predicate instances for their bodies (not automatic due to recursion)

*Heap-dependent, pure abstraction functions*

---

```
function elems(x: Ref): Seq[Int]  
    requires list(x)  
{ unfolding list(x) in  
    [x.val] ++ (x.next == null ? [] : elems(x.next))  
}
```

---

# Silver: Custom Mathematical Domains

*Domains* to specify custom mathematical types

- Type-parametric domains
- Domain functions
- Domain axioms

---

```
domain Pair[X,Y] {  
  function pair(x: X, y: Y): Pair[X,Y]  
  function first(p: Pair[X,Y]): X  
  
  axiom forall x: X, y: Y • first(pair(x,y)) == x  
}  
...  
method foo(x: Ref, p: Pair[Int, Int])  
  requires acc(x.f)  
{ x.f := first(p) }
```

---



## Silver: Other Cool Features

### *Abstract read permissions*

- Alternative to fractional permissions
- No need to commit to concrete fractions, e.g.  $\frac{1}{2}$

---

```
method foo(x: Ref, p: Perm)
  requires 0 < p && acc(x.f, p)
{
  // read x.f
  if (*) {
    var q: Perm
    constraining (q) {
      foo(x, q) // give away q < p
    }
  }
}
```

---

*Allows unbounded splitting and counting*

## Silver: Other Cool Features

### *Paired assertions* [A, B]

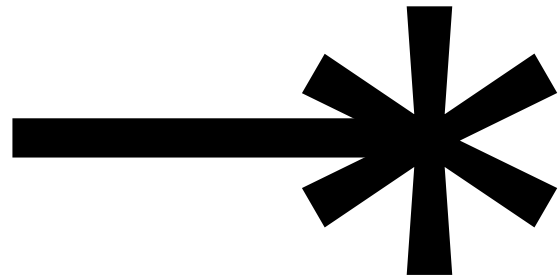
- When inhale, **A** is used
- When exhaled, **B** is used
- Asymmetry justified elsewhere  
(type system, soundness proof, induction schema, ...)

---

```
[  
  forall x: Nat • P(x),  
  
  forall x: Nat •  
    (forall y: Nat • y < x ==> P(y)) ==> P(x)  
]
```

---

# Magic Wands



# Magic Wands Primer

Boolean implication  $A \Rightarrow B$

Modus Ponens  $A \wedge (A \Rightarrow B) \vDash B$

Separating implication  $A \multimap B$

Modus Ponens  $A * (A \multimap B) \vDash B$

$A \multimap B$  can be understood as an *exchange promise*

“If  $A$  and  $A \multimap B$  are given up,  
then  $B$  is guaranteed to hold”

# Magic Wands Primer

Semantics of the magic wand:

$$h \vDash A \multimap B \iff \forall h' \perp h \cdot (h' \vDash A \Rightarrow h \uplus h' \vDash B)$$

*Quantification over state*; typically not supported in automated verifiers

Used in proofs by hand (e.g. data structure modifications, barrier synchronization)

# Permission Bookkeeping and Recursive Predicates

---

```
predicate list(xs: Ref) {  
  acc(xs.next) && (xs.next != null ==> list(xs.next))  
}
```

---

```
method rec(xs: Ref)  
  requires list(xs)  
  ensures list(xs)  
{  
  unfold list(xs)  
  rec(xs.next)  
  // Ignoring base case  
  unfold list(xs)  
}
```

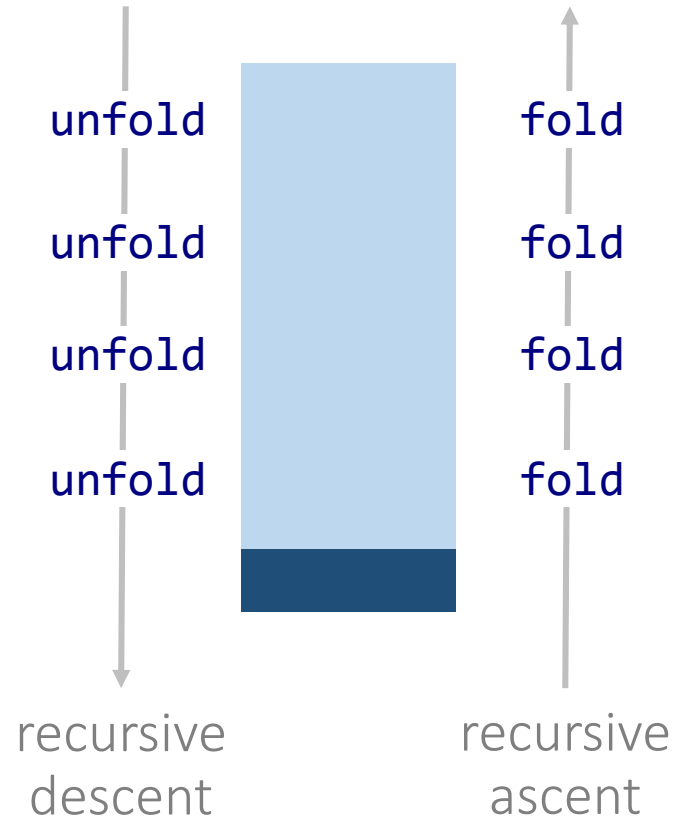
---

# Permission Bookkeeping and Recursive Predicates

```
predicate list(xs: Ref) {  
  acc(xs.next) && (xs.next != null ==> list(xs.next))  
}
```

```
method rec(xs: Ref)  
  requires list(xs)  
  ensures list(xs)  
{  
  unfold list(xs)  
  rec(xs.next)  
  // Ignoring base case  
  fold list(xs)  
}
```

Bookkeeping *implicitly* done  
by the *call stack*



# Permission Bookkeeping and Recursive Predicates

---

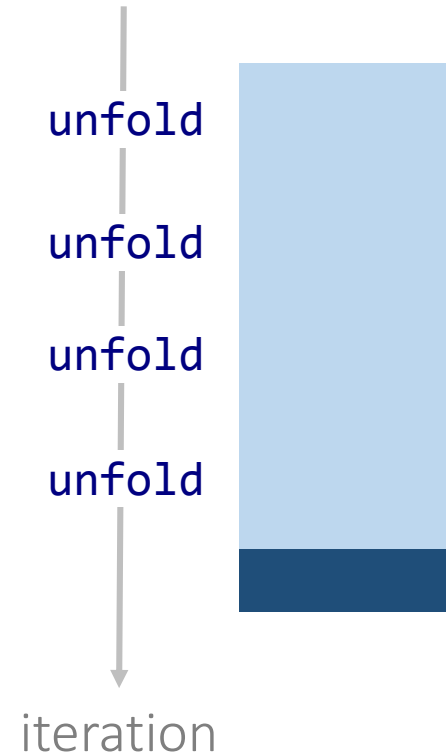
```
predicate list(xs: Ref) {  
  acc(xs.next) && (xs.next != null ==> list(xs.next))  
}
```

---

---

```
method it(xs: Ref)  
  requires list(xs)  
  ensures list(xs)  
{  
  var cur := xs  
  while (*)  
  
  {  
    unfold list(cur)  
    cur := cur.next  
  }  
  
}
```

---

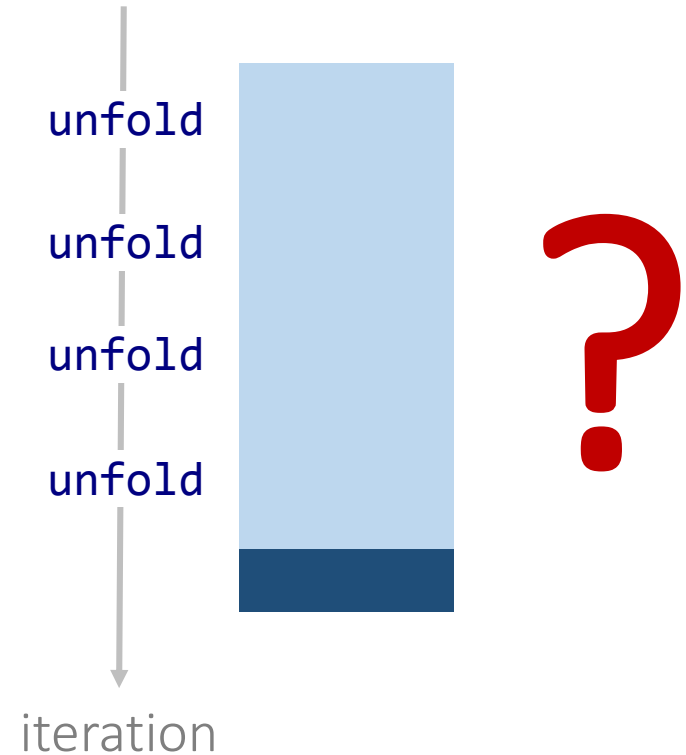




# Permission Bookkeeping and Recursive Predicates

```
predicate list(xs: Ref) {  
  acc(xs.next) && (xs.next != null ==> list(xs.next))  
}
```

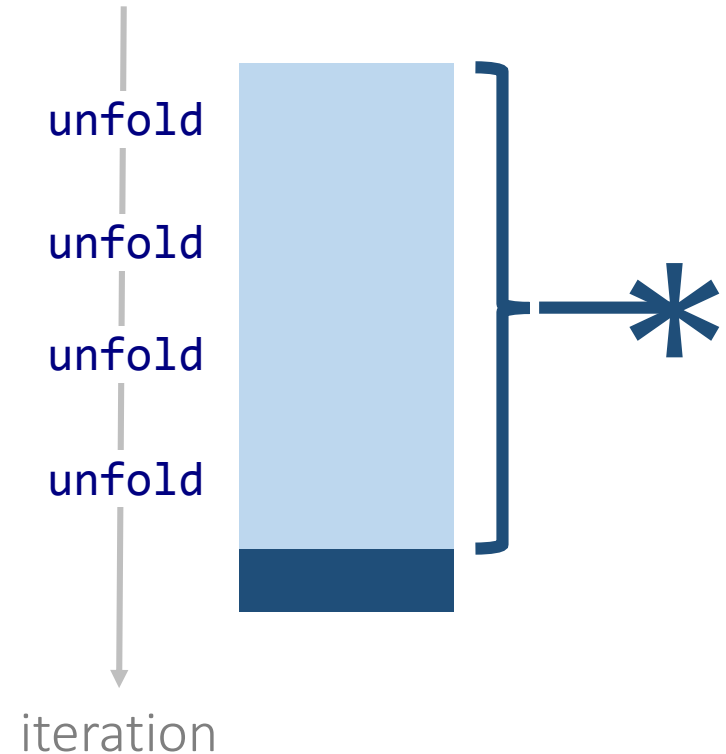
```
method it(xs: Ref)  
  requires list(xs)  
  ensures list(xs)  
{  
  var cur := xs  
  while (*)  
    inv ???  
  {  
    unfold list(xs)  
    cur := cur.next  
  }  
  ???  
}
```



# Permission Bookkeeping and Recursive Predicates

```
predicate list(xs: Ref) {  
  acc(xs.next) && (xs.next != null ==> list(xs.next))  
}
```

```
method it(xs: Ref)  
  requires list(xs)  
  ensures list(xs)  
{  
  var cur := xs  
  while (*)  
    inv list(cur) --* list(xs)  
  {  
    unfold list(xs)  
    cur := cur.next  
    // Update wand  
  }  
  // Get list(xs) from wand  
}
```



# Magic Wands in Silver

Specifying *partial data structures* is just **one** application

We support arbitrary\* wands

Main contribution: *automatic footprint computation*

- Recall  $A * (A \multimap B) \vDash B$
- Footprint = permission delta between A and B

Examples

- $\text{true} \multimap \text{acc}(x.f)$  |  $\text{acc}(x.f)$
- $\text{acc}(x.f) \multimap \text{acc}(x.f)$  |  $\text{emp}$
- $\text{acc}(x.f, 1/3) \multimap \text{acc}(x.f, 1/1)$  |  $\text{acc}(x.f, 2/3)$
- $\text{acc}(x.f) \multimap \text{acc}(y.f)$  |  $x \neq y \implies \text{acc}(y.f)$

# Demo

# <http://bitbucket.org/viperproject/>

